

Bit Manipulation (Cont'd)

Comp 1002/1402

Masking and Finding a bit

All zero except the bit to test

1010101x	110011x0
<u>&00000001</u> Mask	<u>&00000010</u> Mask
0000000x	000000x0

Note: either the result = Mask or Zero

Masking and Finding a bit (2)

All ones except the bit(s) to test

1010101x	110011x0
<u> 11111110</u> Mask	<u> 11111101</u> Mask
1111111x	111111x1

Note: either the result = all ones or not!

Masking to clear a bit

All ones except the bit to clear

11101111	11001110
<u>&11111101</u> Mask	<u>&10111111</u> Mask
11101101	10001110

Bit is set to zero

Masking to set a bit

All zeroes except the bit to clear

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 111011x1 & & 1x001110 \\ \underline{|00000010 \text{ Mask}} & & \underline{|01000000 \text{ Mask}} \\ 11101111 & & 11001110 \end{array}$$

Bit is set to one

Masking to flip a bit

All zeroes except the bit to flip

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 11101101 & & 11001110 \\ \underline{\wedge 00000010 \text{ Mask}} & & \underline{\wedge 01000000 \text{ Mask}} \\ 11101111 & & 10001110 \end{array}$$

Bit is flipped

Set, Flip, Get groups

Masks can be more than one bit

Bitwise Independence is crucial

Allows arbitrary bits to be manipulated

Inside one integer we can store a database!

Inside one integer

4 bytes on some machines

Q: Which of the first 32 numbers > 1 are prime?

Ans: rightmost bit is 2

0010 1000 0010 0010 1000 1010 0010 1011