CARLETON UNIVERSITY School of Computer Science Winter 2018

COMP 5107

Assignment II Due: February 7, 2018

Consider a two-class problem in which the class conditional distributions are both normally distributed in 3-dimensions with means M_1 and M_2 , where:

 $M_1 = [3 \ 1 \ 4]$, and, $M_2 = [-3 \ 1 \ -4]$.

The covariance matrices Σ_1 and Σ_2 are :

$$\Sigma_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} a^{2} & \beta ab & \alpha ac \\ \beta ab & b^{2} & \beta bc \\ \alpha ac & \beta bc & c^{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$\Sigma_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} c^{2} & \alpha bc & \beta ac \\ \alpha bc & b^{2} & \alpha ab \\ \beta ac & \alpha ab & a^{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Write a program to generate Gaussian random **vectors** assuming that you only have access to a function which generates *Uniform* random variables.
- (b) Using the strategy taught in class, write a program to simultaneously diagonalize both the distributions. Print out the diagonalizing matrices for a few cases, and in particular, for the case of a=2, b=3, c=4 and α =0.1, β =0.2. Show the intermediate covariance matrices in the process.
- (c) Generate 200 points of each distribution for the case of a=2, b=3, c=4 and α =0.1, β =0.2. before diagonalization and plot them in the (x₁- x₂) and (x₁- x₃) domains. These points are 200 3-D vectors, but the *projected* points in the (x₁- x₂) and (x₁- x₃) domains must be plotted graphically.
- (d) Consider the *same* 200 generated in (b) above for the case of a=2, b=3, c=4 and α =0.1, β =0.2. after diagonalization and plot them in the (x₁- x₂) and (x₁- x₃) domains. Again remember that these points are 200 3-D vectors, but the points in the (x₁- x₂) and (x₁- x₃) domains must be plotted graphically.